



AM251

Catalog No: tcsc3920

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Available Sizes

Size: 5mg

Size: 10mg

Size: 50mg

Size: 100mg



Specifications

CAS No:

183232-66-8

Formula:

 $\mathsf{C_{22}H_{21}Cl_2IN_4O}$

Pathway:

GPCR/G Protein

Target:

Cannabinoid Receptor

Purity / Grade:

>98%

Solubility:

DMSO: 25 mg/mL (45.03 mM; Need ultrasonic); H2O:

Observed Molecular Weight:

555.24

Product Description

AM251 is a selective **cannabinoid** (**CB**)1 receptor antagonist with IC_{50} of 8 nM, also acts as an agonist at micromolar concentration.





IC50 & Target: IC50: 8 nM (CB1 receptor)^[1]

In Vitro: AM251 is a CB1 receptor antagonist/inverse agonist. AM251 produces an agonist response in HEK293 cells, similar to that found in the yeast expression system^[2]. AM-251 reduces cholesteryl ester synthesis in unstimulated and acetylated LDL-stimulated Raw 264.7 macrophages, CB2^{+/+} and CB2^{-/-} peritoneal macrophages^[3].

In Vivo: The CB1 antagonist AM251 (3 mg/kg, i.p.) decreases capsaicin-evoked nocifensive behavior ($F_{1,18}$ =28.45, p1,18=14.83, p1,18=4.704, p=0.0587). Planned comparisons reveal that AM251 reduces nocifensive behaviors in fatty-acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) KO mice (p0.2) relative to their respective vehicle controls. AM251 (3 mg/kg, i.p.) reduces the duration of heat hypersensitivity in FAAH KO ($F_{1,9}$ =21.43, p0.3). AM251 suppresses capsaicin-evoked heat hypersensitivity in a time-dependent manner in FAAH KO ($F_{5,9}$ =4.349, p0.3). Post-hoc analysis reveals that FAAH KO mice receiving vehicle (i.p.) display heightened thermal hypersensitivity at 30 (p[4]. One-way ANOVA shows that AM251 (AM-251) injected into the rats significantly decreases both of the percentage of entries in the open arms and time spent in the open arms, compare to controls. The Tukey-Kramer test analysis reveals a significant reduction for the doses of 1 mg/kg (P[5].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!