



# **Azithromycin (hydrate)**

Catalog No: tcsc2962



## **Available Sizes**

Size: 50mg

Size: 100mg



## **Specifications**

CAS No:

117772-70-0

Formula:

 $C_{38}H_{76}N_2O_{14}$ 

**Pathway:** 

Anti-infection; Autophagy

**Target:** 

Bacterial; Autophagy

Form:

Powder White Solid

**Purity / Grade:** 

99%

**Solubility:** 

DMSO: 360 mg/mL (458.6 mM)

Water : Insoluable

**Storage Instruction:** 

Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 12 months

**Alternative Names:** 

CP-62993 dihydrate





#### **Observed Molecular Weight:**

785.02

#### **Product Description**

Azithromycin hydrate is a macrolide antibiotic useful for the treatment of a number of bacterial infections.

In Vitro: Azithromycin (2  $\mu$ M) augments rhinovirus-induced IFN $\beta$  expression in primary bronchial epithelial cells from asthmatics, which is associated with over-expression of RIG-I like receptors and repression of viral replication. Knockdown of MDA5, but not knockdown of RIG-I, diminishes azithromycin (2  $\mu$ M)-enhanced viral-induced IFN $\beta$  expression in asthmatic primary bronchial epithelial cells<sup>[1]</sup>. Azithromycin specifically reduces MMP-9 mRNA and protein levels without affecting NF- $\kappa$ B in endotoxin-challenged monocytic THP-1 cells<sup>[2]</sup>.

*In Vivo:* Azithromycin (50 mg/kg) has no effect on bronchoalveolar lavage inflammatory parameters and LDH levels in a mouse model of asthma exacerbation. Azithromycin induces neither general inflammatory parameters nor LDH release in a mouse model of asthma exacerbation, and augments expression of interferon-stimulated genes and the pattern recognition receptor MDA5 but not RIG-I in exacerbating mice<sup>[1]</sup>.

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!