



## **Carmustine**

Catalog No: tcsc2935



## **Available Sizes**

Size: 10mg

Size: 50mg



## **Specifications**

CAS No:

154-93-8

Formula:

 $C_5H_9Cl_2N_3O_2$ 

**Pathway:** 

Cell Cycle/DNA Damage

**Target:** 

DNA Alkylator/Crosslinker

**Purity / Grade:** 

>98%

**Solubility:** 

DMSO :  $\geq$  35 mg/mL (163.51 mM)

**Observed Molecular Weight:** 

214.05

## **Product Description**

Carmustine is an antitumor chemotherapeutic agent, which works by akylating DNA and RNA.

IC50 & Target: DNA Alkylator<sup>[1]</sup>

In Vitro: Carmustine is an antitumor chemotherapeutic agent. Carmustine (8, 80, and 800 μM) decreases N-acetyltransferase (NAT) activities for 2-aminofluorene (AF) and p-aminobenzoic acid (PABA) in rat glial tumor cytosol and intact cells. In rat glial tumor cells,





the DNA-AF adduct increases, and carmustine decreases the formation of DNA-AF adduct  $^{[1]}$ .

*In Vivo:* Carmustine (BCNU; 25 mg/kg, i.p.) causes higher levels of the rhe ratio of liver weight to body weight and plasma conjugated bilirubin, and lower biliary flow, oxidised glutation levels (GSSG) and reduced glutation (GSH)/GSSG values compared with control rats<sup>[2]</sup>.

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!