



## **Dibucaine**

**Catalog No: tcsc2656** 



## **Available Sizes**

**Size:** 5g

**Size:** 10g



## **Specifications**

CAS No:

85-79-0

Formula:

 $C_{20}H_{29}N_3O_2$ 

**Pathway:** 

Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel

**Target:** 

Sodium Channel

**Purity / Grade:** 

>98%

**Solubility:** 

 $DMSO : \ge 36 \text{ mg/mL } (104.82 \text{ mM})$ 

**Alternative Names:** 

Cinchocaine

**Observed Molecular Weight:** 

343.46

## **Product Description**

Dibucaine is a local anesthetic of the amide type now generally used for surface anesthesia.





Target: Sodium Channel

Dibucaine is an amide local anesthetic. Dibucaine reduced the degradation of BSA-gold complex in the reservosomes, which was not caused either by an inhibition of the whole proteolytic activity of the parasite or by a reduction on the expression levels of cruzipain [1].

Dibucaine, a quaternary ammonium compound, inhibited SChE to a minimum within 2 min in a reversible manner. The inhibition was very potent. It had an IC(50) of 5.3 microM with BuTch or 3.8 microM with AcTch. The inhibition was competitive with respect to BuTch with a K(i) of 1.3 microM and a linear-mixed type (competitive/noncompetitive) with respect to AcTch with inhibition constants, K(i) and K(I) of 0.66 and 2.5 microM, respectively. Dibucaine possesses a butoxy side chain that is similar to the butryl group of BuTch and longer by an ethylene group from AcTch [2].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!