



Ribociclib hydrochloride

Catalog No: tcsc2276

Available Sizes
Size: 5mg
Size: 10mg
Size: 50mg
Size: 100mg
Specifications
CAS No: 1211443-80-9
Formula: C ₂₃ H ₃₁ CIN ₈ O
Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage
Target: CDK
Purity / Grade: >98%
Solubility: 10 mM in DMSO
Alternative Names: LEE011 (hydrochloride)
Observed Molecular Weight: 471



Product Description

Ribociclib hydrochloride (LEE011 hydrochloride) is a highly specific **CDK4/6** inhibitor with IC_{50} values of 10 nM and 39 nM, respectively, and is over 1,000-fold less potent against the cyclin B/CDK1 complex.

IC50 & Target: IC50: 10/39 nM (CDK4/6)[1]

In Vitro: Treating a panel of 17 neuroblastoma cell lines with Ribociclib (LEE011) across a four-log dose range (10 to 10,000 nM). Treatment with Ribociclib significantly inhibits substrate adherent growth relative to the control in 12 of the 17 neuroblastoma cell lines examined (mean IC_{50} =306±68 nM, considering sensitive lines only, where sensitivity is defined as an IC_{50} of less than 1 μ M. Ribociclib treatment of two neuroblastoma cell lines (BE2C and IMR5) with demonstrated sensitivity to CDK4/6 inhibition results in a dose-dependent accumulation of cells in the G_0/G_1 phase of the cell cycle. This G_0/G_1 arrest becomes significant at Ribociclib concentrations of 100 nM (p=0.007) and 250 nM (p=0.01), respectively^[2].

In Vivo: CB17 immunodeficient mice bearing BE2C, NB-1643 (MYCN amplified, sensitive in vitro), or EBC1 (non-amplified, resistant in vitro) xenografts are treated once daily for 21 days with Ribociclib (LEE011; 200 mg/kg) or with a vehicle control. This dosing strategy is well tolerated, as no weight loss or other signs of toxicity are observed in any of the xenograft models. Tumor growth is significantly delayed throughout the 21 days of treatment in mice harboring the BE2C or 1643 xenografts (both, p[2].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!