



Troglitazone

Catalog No: tcsc1634



Available Sizes

Size: 10mg

Size: 50mg

Size: 100mg



Specifications

CAS No:

97322-87-7

Formula:

 $\mathsf{C_{24}H_{27}NO_{5}S}$

Pathway:

Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Autophagy

Target:

PPAR; Autophagy

Purity / Grade:

>98%

Solubility:

DMSO : \geq 100 mg/mL (226.48 mM)

Alternative Names:

CS-045

Observed Molecular Weight:

441.54

Product Description





Troglitazone is a **PPAR** γ agonist, with **EC**₅₀s of 550 nM and 780 nM for human and murine PPAR γ receptor, respectively.

IC50 & Target: EC50: 550 nM (Human PPARy), 780 nM (Murine PPARy)[1]

In Vitro: Troglitazone is a PPAR γ agonist, with EC₅₀s of 550 nM and 780 nM for human and murine PPAR γ receptor, respectively^[1]. Troglitazone (2-200 μ M) is cytotoxic to the pancreatic cancer cell lines (MIA Paca2 and PANC-1 cells), with IC₅₀s of 49.9 \pm 1.2 and 51.3 \pm 5.3 μ M, respectively. Troglitazone (50 μ M) increases chromatin condensation in MIA Paca2 and PANC-1 cells, enhances the activity of caspase-3 and decreases Bcl-2 expression^[2]. Troglitazone (0, 1, 2, and 4 μ M) sensitizes TRAIL-mediated apoptosis in human lung adenocarcinoma cells. Troglitazone enhancement of TRAIL-induced apoptosis is blocked by inhibition of autophagy, via activation of autophagy flux. In addition, the effects of troglitazone are induced by PPAR γ activation in A549 cells^[3].

In Vivo: Troglitazone (200 mg/kg, p.o.) shows inhibitory effects on the growth of tumor in the MIA Paca2 xenograft model^[2].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!