



PRT062607 (Hydrochloride)

Catalog No: tcsc1488

Product Description

Available Sizes
Size: 5mg
Size: 10mg
Size: 50mg
Specifications
CAS No: 1370261-97-4
Formula: C ₁₉ H ₂₄ CIN ₉ O
Pathway: Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK
Target: Syk
Purity / Grade: >98%
Solubility: DMSO : ≥ 33 mg/mL (76.76 mM)
Alternative Names: P505-15 Hydrochloride
Observed Molecular Weight: 429.91





PRT062607 hydrochloride is a highly specific and potent inhibitor of purified Syk (IC_{50} 1-2 nM).

IC50 & Target: IC50: 1 nM (Syk), 81 nM (Fgr), 88 nM (MLK1), 123 nM (Yes)[1]

In Vitro: PRT062607 (P505-15) Hydrochloride is a novel, highly specific, and potent orally available small-molecule inhibitor of Syk. The potency of PRT062607 against its target kinase Syk is initially tested in two different purified kinase assays. Using a FRET assay, half-maximal Syk inhibition required 6 ± 0.2 nM (mean \pm S.E.M.). Similar potency is observed when tested in a radioactive enzyme assay, with a resulting Syk IC $_{50}$ of 2.1 ± 0.4 nM (mean \pm S.E.M.). In human whole blood, PRT062607 potently inhibits B cell antigen receptor-mediated B cell signaling and activation (IC $_{50}$ 0.27 and 0.28 μ M, respectively) and Fc ϵ receptor 1-mediated basophil degranulation (IC $_{50}$ 0.15 μ M)^[1].

In Vivo: In the mouse CAIA model, oral administration of PRT062607 (P505-15) results in an average inhibition of paw inflammation, as measured by daily scoring of inflammation compared with vehicle controls, of 12, 44, and 87% with average plasma concentration (C average over 24 h) assessed at the end of the study of 0.38, 0.95, and 1.47 μM, respectively. In mice treated with 30 mg/kg PRT062607, the damage to the joints is significantly reduced and seemed indistinguishable from normal mice. In the rat CIA model, the high dose of PRT062607 (15 mg/kg b.i.d.) completely suppresses inflammation in a majority of the animals (seven of eight), by the end of the study (mean inflammation score±S.E.M.=0.63±1.1; p[1].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!