



CHIR-090

Catalog No: tcsc0973

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Available Sizes

Size: 5mg

Size: 10mg

Size: 50mg



Specifications

CAS No:

728865-23-4

Formula:

 $C_{24}^{H}_{27}^{N}_{3}^{O}_{5}$

Pathway:

Anti-infection

Target:

Bacterial

Purity / Grade:

>98%

Solubility:

DMSO : \geq 30 mg/mL (68.57 mM)

Observed Molecular Weight:

437.49

Product Description

CHIR-090 is a potent, slow, tight-binding inhibitor of the \mathbf{LpxC} deacetylase. It binds to $E.\ coli\ \mathbf{LpxC}$ with a $\mathbf{K_i}$ of 4.0 nM.

IC50 & Target: Ki: 4 nM (Escherichia coli LpxC)^[1]

In Vitro:





CHIR-090 is a potent, slow, tight-binding inhibitor of the LpxC deacetylase from the hyperthermophile $Aquifex\ aeolicus$, and it has excellent antibiotic activity against P. aeruginosa and E. coli, as judged by disk diffusion assays. CHIR-090 is also a two-step slow, tight-binding inhibitor of $Escherichia\ coli\ LpxC$ with $K_i=4\ nM$. CHIR-090 at low nM levels inhibits LpxC orthologues from diverse Gramnegative pathogens, including $Pseudomonas\ aeruginosa$, $Neisseria\ meningitidis$, and $Helicobacter\ pylori$. In contrast, CHIR-090 is a relatively weak competitive and conventional inhibitor (lacking slow, tight-binding kinetics) of LpxC from $Rhizobium\ leguminosarum\ (K_i=340\ nM)$, a Gram-negative plant endosymbiont that is resistant to this compound. An E. coli construct in which the chromosomal LpxC gene is replaced by R. $Leguminosarum\ lpxC$ is resistant to CHIR-090 up to LpxC or 400 times above the minimal inhibitory concentration for wild-type L. LpxC. CHIR-090, a very potent, slow, tight-binding inhibitor of LpxC aeruginosa, comparable to ciprofloxacin, as judged by disk diffusion assays L.

In Vivo: CHIR-090 is a potent antibiotic against *E. coli* and inhibits *E. coli* LpxC activity in vitro in the low nM range. *E. coli* W3110 colonies resistant to 1 μ g/mL CHIR-090 are not observed without prior chemical mutagenesis. A strain of *E. coli* W3110 is able to grow on LB agar plates containing 1 to 10 μ g/mL CHIR-090, which is 4 to 40 times above the MIC of 0.25 μ g/mL under our conditions for wild-type *E. coli* W3110. The doubling time of W3110RL is 40 min in the presence of 1 μ g/mL CHIR-090, which is exactly the same rate as wild-type in the absence of inhibitor. Wild-type cells stopped growing after about 2 h in the presence of 1 μ g/mL CHIR-090^[1].

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!