

## RS 127445

Catalog No: tcsc0852



### Available Sizes

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**Size:** 5mg

**Size:** 10mg

**Size:** 50mg



### Specifications

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**CAS No:**

199864-86-3

**Formula:**

$C_{17}H_{17}ClFN_3$

**Pathway:**

Neuronal Signaling;GPCR/G Protein

**Target:**

5-HT Receptor;5-HT Receptor

**Purity / Grade:**

>98%

**Solubility:**

DMSO :  $\geq 31$  mg/mL (97.55 mM)

**Alternative Names:**

MT 500

**Observed Molecular Weight:**

317.79

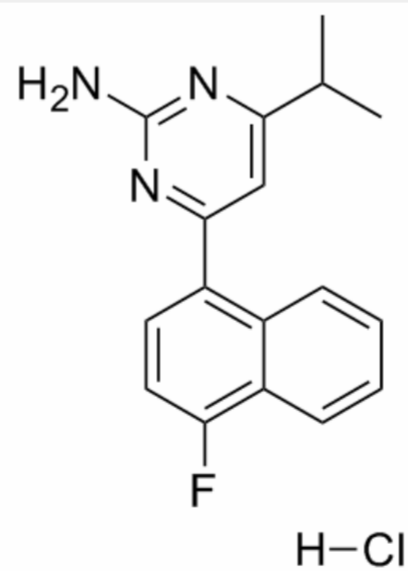
### Product Description

RS 127445 is a novel high affinity, selective **5-HT<sub>2B</sub>** receptor antagonist with **pK<sub>i</sub>** of 9.5.

IC50 & Target: pKi: 5.5 (5-HT<sub>1A</sub>), 2.7 (monoamine uptake), 1B/D), 3), 5), 6), 6.3 (5-HT<sub>2A</sub>), 6.4 (5-HT<sub>2C</sub>), 9.5 (5-HT<sub>2B</sub>)<sup>[1]</sup>

**In Vitro:** RS-127445 is found to has nanomolar affinity for the 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptor (pK<sub>i</sub>=9.5±0.1) and 1,000 fold selectivity for this receptor as compared to numerous other receptor and ion channel binding sites. RS-127445 potently displaces [<sup>3</sup>H]-5-HT from human recombinant 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptors expressed in CHO-K1 cells. The affinity (pK<sub>i</sub> value) of RS-127445 for the 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptor is 9.5±0.1 (n=9). RS-127445 is selective for the 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptor, having approximately 1000 fold lower affinity for the human recombinant 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2C</sub>, 5-HT<sub>5</sub>, 5-HT<sub>6</sub> and 5-HT<sub>7</sub> receptors, a 5-HT<sub>1A</sub> receptor in rat brain membranes, a 5-HT<sub>1B/D</sub> receptor in bovine caudate, and a monoamine uptake site in rabbit platelets. RS-127445 potently blocks the 5-HT (10 nM) evoked increases in intracellular calcium concentrations in the HEK-293 cells expressing the 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptor (pIC<sub>50</sub> of 10.4±0.1). In cells expressing human recombinant 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptors, RS-127445 potently antagonizes 5-HT-evoked formation of inositol phosphates (pK<sub>B</sub>=9.5±0.1) and 5-HT-evoked increases in intracellular calcium (pIC<sub>10</sub>=10.4±0.1). RS-127445 also blocks 5-HT-evoked contraction of rat isolated stomach fundus (pA<sub>2B</sub>=9.5±1.1) and (±)α-methyl-5-HT-mediated relaxation of the rat jugular vein (pA<sub>2</sub>=9.9±0.3)<sup>[1]</sup>.

**In Vivo:** In rats, the fraction of RS-127445 that is bioavailable via the oral or intraperitoneal routes is 14 and 60% respectively. Intraperitoneal administration of RS-127445 (5 mg/kg) produced plasma concentrations predicted to fully saturate accessible 5-HT<sub>2B</sub> receptors for at least 4 h. RS-127445 (5 mg/kg) is administered to rats by oral, intraperitoneal and intravenous routes. Peak plasma concentrations are rapidly achieved with the highest concentrations being found at the first time-point measured following intravenous and intraperitoneal administration (0.08 h) and by 0.25 h following dosing by the oral route of administration. RS-127445 is cleared from plasma with an estimated terminal elimination half-life of approximately 1.7 h. The bioavailability of RS-127445, when administered by the oral and intraperitoneal routes is approximately 14 and 62% of that obtained by intravenous administration. Approximately 60% of an intraperitoneal dose and 14% of the oral dose of RS-127445 (5 mg/kg) is bioavailable<sup>[1]</sup>. RS-127445 (1-30 mg/kg), dose-dependently reduces faecal output, reaching significance at 10 and 30 mg/kg (n=6-11). In blood and brain, >98% of RS-127445 is protein-bound<sup>[2]</sup>.



All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!