



**A66** 

**Catalog No: tcsc0477** 

Available	Sizes		
Size: 5mg			
Size: 10mg			
Size: 50mg			
Size: 100mg			
Specificat	ions		
<b>CAS No:</b> 1166227-08-2			
<b>Formula:</b> C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>			
<b>Pathway:</b> PI3K/Akt/mTOR			
<b>Target:</b> PI3K			
Purity / Grade: >98%			
<b>Solubility:</b> 10 mM in DMSO			

## **Product Description**

393.53

**Observed Molecular Weight:** 

A66 is a highly specific and selective  $\mathbf{p110}\alpha$  inhibitor with an  $\mathbf{IC_{50}}$  of 32 nM.





IC50 & Target: IC50: 32 nM (p110 $\alpha$ ), 30 nM (p110 $\alpha$  E545K), 43 nM (p110 $\alpha$  H1047R), 3480 nM (p110 $\gamma$ ) [1]

In Vitro: A66 is a potent inhibitor of the wild-type and oncogenic forms of p110 $\alpha$  but not other class-I PI3K isoforms<sup>[1]</sup>. The p110 $\alpha$ -specific inhibitor A66 (0.7  $\mu$ M) induces a 75-80% reduction in focus formation by the highly transforming iSH2 mutants KS459delN, DKRMNS560del, and K379E. The p110 $\alpha$ -specific inhibitor A66 reduced phosphorylation of Akt on T308 by all p85 mutants<sup>[2]</sup>.

In Vivo: The optimal dosing strategy for xenograft studies is determined by investigating the drug pharmacokinetics after a dose of 10 mg/kg of body weight by intraperitoneal injection in CD-1 mice. Despite a short half-life of only 0.42 h, the large  $C_{max}$  (8247 nM) of A66 S that is reached 30 min after dosing ensured that the AUC<sub>0-inf</sub> (area under the curve from zero time to infinity) (6809 nM•h) is similar to that of BEZ-235 (7333 nM•h), which has a longer half-life of 2.73 h. Furthermore, the A66 on SK-OV-3 tumour tissue is tested using a single dose of 100 mg/kg of body weight to determine whether a long-lasting effect of the drug could be achieved on target tissues. These studies show that A66 causes a profound reduction in the phosphorylation of Akt/PKB and p70 S6 kinase, but not of ERK (extracellular-signal-regulated kinase), at both 1 and 6 h after dosing. Levels of A66 in plasma are determined to be  $21.1\pm1.2~\mu\text{M}$  and  $9.1\pm1.1~\mu\text{M}$  at 1 and 6 h after drug injection, whereas levels of A66 in the tumor are  $22.7\pm2.1~\mu\text{M}$  and  $16.0\pm1.3~\mu\text{M}$  at the same time points<sup>[1]</sup>.

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!