



Azaindole 1

Catalog No: tcsc0341

Available Sizes
Size: 5mg
Size: 10mg
Size: 50mg
Size: 100mg
Specifications
CAS No: 867017-68-3
Formula: C ₁₈ H ₁₃ CIF ₂ N ₆ O
Pathway: TGF-beta/Smad;Stem Cell/Wnt;Cell Cycle/DNA Damage
Target: ROCK;ROCK;ROCK
Purity / Grade: >98%
Solubility: 10 mM in DMSO
Alternative Names: ROCK inhibitor;TC-S 7001
Observed Molecular Weight: 402.79





Product Description

Azaindole 1 is a highly potent inhibitor of human **ROCK-1** and **ROCK-2**, with IC_{50} s of 0.6 and 1.1 nM, respectively, and also inhibits murine **ROCK-2** or rat **ROCK-2** with IC_{50} s of 2.4 and 0.8 nM, respectively.

IC50 & Target: IC50: 0.6 nM (Human ROCK-1), 1.1 nM (Human ROCK-2), 2.4 nM (Murine ROCK-2), 0.8 nM (Rat ROCK-2)^[1]

In Vitro: Azaindole 1 is a highly potent inhibitor of human ROCK-1 and ROCK-2, with IC $_{50}$ s of 0.6 and 1.1 nM, respectively, and also inhibits murine ROCK-2 or rat ROCK-2 with IC $_{50}$ s of 2.4 and 0.8 nM, respectively. Azaindole 1 also inhibits receptor tyrosine kinases TRK and FLT3, with IC $_{50}$ s of 252 and 303 nM, respectively, but shows slight inhibition of MLCK and ZIP-kinase with IC $_{50}$ s of 7.4 μ M and 4.1 μ M, respectively. Azaindole 1 induces vasorelaxation in vitro, and suppresses the phenylephrine-induced contraction of rabbit saphenous artery in a concentration dependent manner with an IC $_{50}$ value of 65 nM $^{[1]}$.

In Vivo: Azaindole 1 (0.03, 0.1, 0.3 mg/kg, i.v.) results in a dose-dependent and long-lasting decrease in blood pressure in anaesthetized normotensive rats. Azaindole 1 (3 and 10 mg/kg, p.o.) decreases blood pressure dose-dependently and persistently both in normotensive and hypertensive rats, and shows such effects even at 1 mg/kg in hypertensive rats. Azaindole 1 (0.1 and 0.3 mg/kg, i.v. bolus injections) causes decreased mean arterial blood pressure in a dose-related manner and only leads to a moderate and dose-independent increase in heart rate of anaesthetized dogs^[1].

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