



SP600125

Catalog No: tcsc0196

Available Sizes
Size: 10mg
Size: 50mg
Size: 100mg
Size: 200mg
Size: 500mg
Size: 1g
Size: 2g
Specifications
CAS No: 129-56-6
Formula: C ₁₄ H ₈ N ₂ O
Pathway: MAPK/ERK Pathway;Autophagy
Target: JNK;Autophagy
Form: Yellow to green (Solid)
Purity / Grade: 98.02%



Web: www.taiclone.com
Tel: +886-2-2735-9682
Email: order@taiclone.com

Solubility:

DMSO : \geq 45 mg/mL (204.33 mM)

Storage Instruction:

2-8°C

Observed Molecular Weight:

220.23

Protocol:

Cell Assay: SP600125 is dissolved in DMSO (20 mM) and stored, and then diluted with appropriate media (DMSO 0.1%) befor use[1]. [1]Determination of mRNA half-life is performed essentially, except that CD14+ cells are stimulated with (bacterial) lipopolysaccharide (LPS; 50 ng/mL) for 2 h before addition of actinomycin D (5 µg/mL). SP600125 (25 μM) or vehicle (0.5% DMSO vol/vol) is added immediately following the actinomycin D. Analysis is performed by using real-time reverse transcription (RT)-PCR. Total RNA is extracted with an RNeasy Mini kit. TNF mRNA is measured by real time RT-PCR, using a TNF Tagman probe. All data are normalized by using glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) expression. The TNF- α forward primer is 5'- CTGGCCCAGGCAGTCAGAT-3' and the reverse primer is 5'-TATCTCTCAGCTCCACGCCATT-3'. The Tagman probe sequence is 5'-FAM-CCTGTAGCCCATGTTGTAGCAAACCCTCA-TAMRA-3'[1] Animal Administration: SP600125 is dissolved in 30% PEG-400/20% polypropylene glycol/15% Cremophor EL/5% ethanol/30% saline (Mice)[1] . [1][4]Mice[1] Female CD-1 mice (8-10 weeks of age) are dosed i.v. or per oswith SP600125 in PPCES vehicle (30% PEG-400/20% polypropylene glycol/15% Cremophor EL/5% ethanol/30% saline), final volume of 5 mL/kg, 15 min before i.v. injection with LPS in saline (0.5 mg/kg). At 90 min, a terminal bleed is obtained from the abdominal vena cava, and the serum is recovered. Samples are analyzed for mouse TNF- α by using an ELISA. Rats[4] A total of 40 male Wistar rats are randomly divided into four groups (n=10): the control group, LPS group, normal saline group (NS) and the SP600125 group. Acute lung injury (ALI) is induced via intratracheal injection of LPS. Normal saline or SP600125 is administered via intraperitoneal injection (15 mg/kg) 10 min after the LPS injection.

Product Description

SP600125 is a broad-spectrum **JNK** inhibitor for **JNK1**, **JNK2** and **JNK3** with **IC**₅₀ of 40 nM, 40 nM and 90 nM, respectively.

IC50 & Target: IC50: 40/40/90 nM (JNK1/2/3)[1]

In Vitro: SP600125 is an ATP-competitive inhibitor of JNK2 with a K_i value of 0.19±0.06 μM. SP600125 inhibits the phosphorylation of c-Jun with IC50 of 5 μM to 10 μM in Jurkat T cells. In CD4⁺ cells, such as Th0 cells isolated from either human cord or peripheral blood, SP600125 blocks cell activation and differentiation and inhibits the expression of inflammatory genes COX-2, IL-2, IL-10, IFN-γ, and TNF-α, with IC₅₀ of 5 μM to 12 μM^[1]. In a mouse beta cells MIN6, SP600125 (20 μM) induces the phosphorylation of p38 MAPK and its downstream CREB-dependent promoter activation^[2]. In HCT116 cells, SP600125 (20 μM) blocks the G2 phase to mitosis transition and induces endoreplication. This ability of SP600125 is independent of JNK inhibition, but due to its inhibition of CDK1-cyclin B activation upstream of Aurora A and Polo-like kinase 1^[3].

In Vivo: Administration of SP600125 at 15 or 30 mg/kg i.v. significantly inhibits TNF- α serum levels, whereas oral administration dose-dependently blocks TNF- α expression with significant inhibition observed at 30 mg/kg per os^[1]. SP600125 attenuates LPS-induced ALI in rats in vivo. The expression levels of TNF- α and IL-6 in the BALF in rats in the SP600125 group are significantly decreased^[4].





All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!