



## 3-Aminobenzamide

Catalog No: tcsc0157

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## **Available Sizes**

Size: 200mg

Size: 500mg



## **Specifications**

CAS No:

3544-24-9

Formula:

 $C_7H_8N_2O$ 

**Pathway:** 

Epigenetics; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage

**Target:** 

PARP;PARP

**Purity / Grade:** 

>98%

**Solubility:** 

 $H2O : \ge 11.11 \text{ mg/mL } (81.60 \text{ mM})$ 

**Alternative Names:** 

PARP-IN-1

**Observed Molecular Weight:** 

136.15

## **Product Description**

3-Aminobenzamide is a potent inhibitor of **PARP** with  $IC_{50}$  of appr 50 nM in CHO cells, and acts as a mediator of oxidant-induced myocyte dysfunction during reperfusion.





IC50 & Target: IC50: 50 nM (PARP)[1]

In Vitro: 3-Aminobenzamide (>1  $\mu$ M) causes more than 95% inhibition of PARP activity without significant cellular toxicity. INO-1001 significantly sensitizes CHO cells by blocking most of the DNA repair occurring between radiation fractions<sup>[1]</sup>. 3-Aminobenzamide significantly improves endothelial function by enhancing the acetylcholine-induced, endothelium-dependent, nitric oxide mediated vasorelaxation after exposure with 400  $\mu$ M H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>[2]</sup>.

*In Vivo:* In a *db/db* (Lepr*db/db*) mouse model, 3-Aminobenzamide ameliorates diabetes-induced albumin excretion and mesangial expansion, and also decreases diabetes-induced podocyte depletion<sup>[3]</sup>. 3-Aminobenzamide (1.6 mg/kg via intracerebral injection) prevents NAD<sup>+</sup> depletion and improves water maze performance after controlled cortical impact (CCI) in mice<sup>[4]</sup>.

$$H_2N$$
 $NH_2$ 

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!