



## **Deforolimus**

**Catalog No: tcsc0122** 



## **Available Sizes**

Size: 10mg

Size: 50mg



## **Specifications**

CAS No:

572924-54-0

Formula:

 $C_{53}H_{84}NO_{14}P$ 

**Pathway:** 

PI3K/Akt/mTOR

**Target:** 

mTOR

**Purity / Grade:** 

>98%

**Solubility:** 

DMSO :  $\geq$  44 mg/mL (44.44 mM)

**Alternative Names:** 

AP23573; MK-8669; Ridaforolimus

**Observed Molecular Weight:** 

990.21

## **Product Description**

Deforolimus (AP23573; MK-8669) is a potent and selective **mTOR** inhibitor; inhibits S6 phosphorylation with an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.2 nM in HT-1080 cells.



IC50 & Target: IC50: 0.5 nM (HT-1080 cells)[1]

In Vitro: Treatment of HT-1080 fibrosarcoma cells with deforolimus results in a dose-dependent inhibition of phosphorylation of both S6 and 4E-BP1, with  $IC_{50}$ s of 0.2 and 5.6 nM, respectively, and  $EC_{50}$ s of 0.2 and 1.0 nM, respectively. In HT-1080 cells, the  $EC_{50}$  for inhibition of cell proliferation (0.5 nM) is similar to the  $EC_{50}$ s for inhibition of S6 and 4E-BP1 phosphorylation. Exposure to deforolimus reduces the proliferation of cell lines representing a variety of tumor types. Administration of deforolimus to tumor cells in vitro elicit dose-dependent inhibition of mTOR activity with concomitant effects on cell growth and division. Deforolimus exhibits a predominantly cytostatic mode of action, consistent with the findings for other mTOR inhibitors. Potent inhibitory effects on vascular endothelial growth factor secretion, endothelial cell growth, and glucose metabolism<sup>[1]</sup>.

*In Vivo:* Deforolimus inhibits tumor growth in mice bearing PC-3 (prostate), HCT-116 (colon), MCF7 (breast), PANC-1 (pancreas), or A549 (lung) xenografts. Deforolimus inhibits tumor growth in a dose-dependent manner, with 0.3 mg/kg being the lowest dose that inhibits tumor growth significantly and 3 and 10 mg/kg doses achieving maximum inhibition<sup>[1]</sup>.

All products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY. Not for diagnostic & therapeutic purposes!